

Deputy James Lawless TD  
Leinster House,  
Kildare Street,  
Dublin 2.

Coalition 2030  
Macro Centre,  
1 Green Street,  
Dublin 7.

8th November 2022

## Re: The role of the Committee on Justice in implementing the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Dear Deputy Lawless,

We write to you on behalf of the 70 civil society organisations and networks that constitute Coalition 2030. This alliance is comprised of organisations across the international development, environment, social inclusion/anti-poverty, trade union, and academic sectors. We exist to ensure that Ireland upholds its commitment made in 2015 to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) in Ireland by 2030, as well as to drive their achievement abroad.<sup>1</sup>

The Government recently published Ireland's [second National Implementation Plan for the Sustainable Development Goals \(SDGs\)](#) for the 2022-2024 period. We are writing to you in your capacity as Chair of the Committee on Justice in order to outline the implications of this plan for your Committee and, in particular, its role in scrutinising the work of the Department of Justice.

Included in Annex 1 is a breakdown of all of the **actions** for which the Department of Justice is lead as contained within the [second National Implementation Plan for the Sustainable Development Goals \(SDGs\)](#), as well as all of the **SDG targets** in the [2022 Policy Map](#) for which it is responsible for achieving.

### **Your Committee's Role:**

We consider that a fundamental part of these SDG-related processes must be effective monitoring and oversight of SDG implementation and policy coherence by Oireachtas Committees. We therefore ask your Committee to

1. Integrate the targets for which the Department of Justice is the lead and the corresponding activities into your Committee's Work Plan/Programme.
2. Integrate this new area of work into your Committee's Terms of Reference.
3. Ensure Ministers, Departments, and public bodies provide information on progress on relevant SDG targets as well as their plans to meet said targets when presenting to your Committee.
4. Provide information on SDG implementation in the Committee's annual reports and letters to Departments.
5. Report at least annually to your Committee's line Department outlining the strengths and weaknesses in SDG implementation that your Committee has identified during the preceding months/year in order to facilitate progress on the part of the department.
6. Examine whether existing indicators are adequate to monitor SDG progress and whether official data collected on Ireland's SDG performance sufficiently tracks major cross-cutting challenges, such as actions to eradicate poverty and curb inequalities.
7. Make use of relevant evidence and resources on SDG implementation and Ireland's progress e.g. the national [SDG GeoHive](#), [UN reports and analysis](#), the [Global SDG Index](#), [OECD country profiles](#), as well as reports and analysis by the [European Sustainable Development Network](#), [Social Justice Ireland](#), [Coalition 2030](#) and the [European Environmental Bureau](#).

We also wish to take this opportunity to remind you of the [motion](#) approved in the Dáil on the 30<sup>th</sup> of July 2020 which sets out that each select Committee must address 'progress on the implementation of the Sustainable Development Goals set out in the United Nations 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development' as part of its work programme [ see Annex 2].

We are almost halfway through the time we have to achieve the SDGs. However in Ireland and abroad, we're facing a complex set of crises that are undoing gains on SDG progress; cost of living, conflict, an acute global hunger crisis, and climate change, not to mention the impacts of Covid-19. In a 2021 Nature study, 'The social shortfall and ecological overshoot of nations<sup>2</sup>', it was found that no country currently meets the basic needs of its residents at a level of resource use that could be sustainably extended to all people

<sup>1</sup> See Annex 3 for an overview of the SDGs.

<sup>2</sup> Fanning, Andrew L., et al. "The Social Shortfall and Ecological Overshoot of Nations." *Nature Sustainability*, vol. 5, no. 1, 2021, pp. 26–36., <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41893-021-00799-z>.

globally. **Progressing the SDGs has never been more important and the focus must now firmly be on implementation and delivery.**

The Oireachtas Committee on Justice is in a prime position to help drive progress on Ireland's fulfilment of the UN Sustainable Development Goals in particular by ensuring effective governance and accountability related to SDG targets and indicators. These Goals must also be met in an inclusive way, leaving no behind and ensuring the most vulnerable and marginalised are reached first, and by prioritising early and transparent consultation *before* decisions are made.

Coalition 2030 members are eager to support and advise Committee members with this process and these developments, and we would be grateful if you could bring this letter to the attention of Committee members. We are available to brief you and Committee members either informally or formally if that would be helpful.

We look forward to working with you to drive the SDGs during this Decade of Action.

Is sinne le mórmheas,

Coalition 2030 Steering Committee

Louise Finan	Dóchas (Chair)
Oisín Coghlan	Friends of the Earth
Johnny Sheehan	The Wheel
Laura O'Connor	Concern Worldwide
Karen Ciesielski	The Environmental Pillar
Joan McCrohan	ICTU Global Solidarity Committee
Catherine Carty	UNESCO Chair at Munster Technological University
Aidan Kenny	ICTU Global Solidarity Committee

## Annex 1: Actions and Targets for your line department

### **Actions for all Departments**

As per the plan, from now on:

1. All Departments must include a commitment to Agenda 2030 in all new Statements of Strategy (Action 11a).
2. On an ongoing basis, all Departments must make reference to the SDGs and targets for which it is the lead (Action 11a). *Each Department has specific SDG targets for which it is responsible for achieving and these are outlined in the [Policy Map](#).*
3. Each Department should ensure an SDG point of contact is made publicly available (Section 3.1.4).<sup>3</sup>
4. All Departments must from now on include updates on SDG activities and progress *including at the target level* in Departmental Annual Reports (Action 12a)<sup>4</sup>.

### **Specific targets for your line department listed in the 2022 Policy Map**

The Department of Justice is the lead for achieving the following targets:

1. Target 5.2: Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation
2. Target 8.7: Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms.
3. Target 10.7: Facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people, including through the implementation of planned and well-managed migration policies.
4. Target 16.1: Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere
5. Target 16.2: End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children
6. Target 16.3: Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all
7. Target 16.4: By 2030, significantly reduce illicit financial and arms flows, strengthen the recovery and return of stolen assets and combat all forms of organized crime
8. Target 16.5: Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms
9. Target 17.17: Encourage and promote effective public, public-private and civil society partnerships, building on the experience and resourcing strategies of partnerships<sup>5</sup>

## Annex 2: Work Programmes of Select Committees: Motion

"It shall be an instruction to each Select Committee appointed pursuant to Standing Order 95 that the work programme provided for in Standing Order 100(4) shall include the consideration of such aspects of—

- (a) the State's response to the Covid-19 pandemic;
- (b) science, research and development and innovation; and
- (c) progress on the implementation of the Sustainable Development Goals set out in the United Nations 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

as are within the scope of the Committee's orders of reference as set out in Standing Orders."

<https://www.kildarestreet.com/debate/?id=2020-07-30a.689>

## Annex 3: Background to the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Sustainable development was defined in the World Commission on Environment and Development's 1987 Brundtland report 'Our Common Future' as '*development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs*'. It seeks to reconcile economic development with the protection of social and environmental balance. Increasingly, culture is being understood as the 'fourth pillar' of sustainable development.

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<sup>3</sup> Note that you can contact [SDGs@justice.ie](mailto:SDGs@justice.ie) for any specific queries related to the role of your Committee and its line department regarding the SDGs.

<sup>4</sup> This will be supported by a new SDG-target reporting mechanism, due for release in Q4 2022.

<sup>5</sup> All departments are the lead for this target.

In September 2015, all 193 UN member states agreed to work towards achieving 17 ‘Sustainable Development Goals’ by 2030. Ireland, along with Kenya, co-led the negotiations that led to the agreement on these goals. They constitute the bedrock of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development which represents a shared global vision, and they are also known as the ‘SDGs’ or the ‘Global Goals’.

The SDGs interact with one another, and the success of one goal is dependent on and affects the success of the others. In other words, the goals are *interdependent* and have the ability to reinforce or hinder one another mutually. They are also *indivisible*, in that progress in one area cannot and should not be disentangled from progress (or lack thereof) in another. This framework seeks to acknowledge the intersections between policy areas in order to reduce siloed policy-making and to shine a light on the trade-offs that emerge in the act of policy-making so that they can be addressed. The SDGs are the only universally agreed framework for implementing a social floor informed by human rights, while also working to prevent ecological overshoot of planetary boundaries.